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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/629,331	07/29/2003	John J. Roese	ENI-048 6575	
35557 75	590 04/05/2006	•	EXAMINER	
CHRIS A. CASEIRO VERRILL DANA, LLP ONE PORTLAND SQUARE PORTLAND, ME 04112-0586			BOUTAH, ALINA A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2143	
			DATE MAILED: 04/05/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		88				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/629,331	ROESE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Alina N. Boutah	2143				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	х рапе Quayle, 1935 С.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-40 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-40 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the original than the original than the correction of the original than the original	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of 	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P					

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

This action is in response to Applicant's amendment filed January 9, 2006. Claims 1-40 are pending in the present application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USPN 6,122,664 issued to Boukobza et al. (hereinafter referred to as Boukobza) in view of US 2004/0107362 by Ravishankar et al. (hereinafter referred to as Ravishankar).

Regarding claim 1, Boukobza teaches a method of controlling the usage by an attached function of network services associated with a network system that includes the attached function, one or more other attached functions and network infrastructure, the method comprising the steps of:

a. obtaining information associated with the network system (abstract);

b. setting one or more static policies for network services usage by the attached function (col. 2, lines 21-36; col. 3, line 60 to col. 4, line 5);

c. setting one or more dynamic policies for network services usage by the attached function (col. 2, lines 21-36; col. 3, line 60 to col. 4, line 5); and

d. monitoring the network system for triggers (abstract).

However, Boukobza fails to explicitly teach: e. modifying by one or more devices of the network infrastructure the static policies, the dynamic policies, or both for the attached function based upon the detection of one more triggers. In an analogous art, Ravishanka teaches modifying by one or more devices of the network infrastructure the static policies, the dynamic policies, or both for the attached function based upon the detection of one more triggers [0035 and 0036]. At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify the dynamica and static policies upon the detection of a trigger in order to protect the managed resources in the network (abstract), thus making the network system more robust to threats.

Regarding claim 2, Boukobza teaches the method as claimed in claim 1 further comprising the step of saving set and modified policies associated with the attached function as policy history for the attached function (col. 18, lines 49-53).

Regarding claim 3, Boukoba teaches the method as claimed in claim 2 further comprising the step of querying whether a policy history exists for the attached function after obtaining the information from the network system (col. 22, lines 24-27).

Regarding claim 4, Boukoba teaches the method as claimed in claim 2 wherein the step of saving the set and modified policies associated with the attached function includes the step of caching some or all of the policy history in a network system device (col. 30, line 58-62).

Regarding claim 5, although Boukoba does not explicitly teach the method as claimed in claim 4 further comprising the step of invalidating the cached policy history based upon the occurrence of a specified event, it is well known in the art that cache can be invalidated anytime upon a user's command or specification.

Regarding claim 6, Boukoba teaches the method as claimed in claim 5 wherein the specified event is selected from the group consisting of time, size limitations, storage limits, a policy change, or a network system change (col. 2, lines 14-20).

Regarding claim 7, Boukoba teaches the method as claimed in claim 2 further comprising the step of evaluating whether the policy history includes any static policies that may be set for the attached function in a current session (col. 18, lines 49-53).

Regarding claim 8, Boukoba teaches the method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the triggers include timeouts, attached function changes, network infrastructure changes, intrusion detection events, firewall events, administrator inputs, network service changes and network service change requests (abstract).

Regarding claim 9, Boukoba teaches the method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the information includes attached function information, access device information, access port, number of devices per port, priority per port, priority per application, priority per device, application requested, exchange protocols available, port security, access location, and access time (col. 6, lines 65-67).

Regarding claim 10, Boukoba teaches the method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the only static policy is that there are only dynamic policies (abstract).

Claims 11-17 are similar to claims 1-6 and 8, respectively, therefore are rejected under the same rationale.

Regarding claim 18, Boukoba teaches a system to control the usage by an attached function of network services associated with a network system that includes the attached function, one or more other attached functions and network infrastructure, the system comprising:

a. means, forming part of the network system, for obtaining information associated with the network system (abstract).

However, Boukoba does not explicitly teach: b. a dynamic policy function module of the network infrastructure for setting static and dynamic policies for the attached function, for monitoring the network system for triggers, and for modifying the static policies, the dynamic policies, or both for the attached function based the detection of one or more triggers.

In an analogous art, Ravishanka teaches modifying by one or more devices of the network infrastructure the static policies, the dynamic policies, or both for the attached function based upon the detection of one more triggers [0035 and 0036]. At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify the dynamica and static policies upon the detection of a trigger in order to protect the managed resources in the network (abstract), thus making the network system more robust to threats.

Regarding claim 19, Boukoba teaches the system as claimed in claim 18 wherein the dynamic policy function module is a centralized module of a policy server of the network infrastructure (see the figure).

Regarding claim 20, Boukoba teaches the system as claimed in claim 18 further comprising means for saving set and modified policies history (col. 18, lines 49-53).

Regarding claim 21, Boukoba teaches the system as claimed in claim 20 wherein the means for storing set and modified policies history forms part of the policy server of the network infrastructure (col. 18, lines 49-53).

Regarding claim 22, Boukoba teaches the system as claimed in claim 20 wherein the means for storing set and modified policies forms part of an interconnection device of the network infrastructure (figure).

Regarding claim 23, Boukoba teaches the system as claimed in claim 18 wherein the dynamic policy function module is a distributed module forming portions of two or more devices of the network infrastructure (figure).

Regarding claim 24, Boukoba teaches the system as claimed in claim 23 wherein the two or more devices are selected from a combination of one or more servers and one or more interconnection devices or a combination of two or more interconnection devices (figure).

Regarding claim 25, Boukoba teaches the system as claimed in claim 20 wherein the means for saving set and modified policies includes means for caching the set and modified policies on a centralized network device, a local network device, or a combination of a centralized network device and a local network device (figure; col. 18, lines 49-53).

Regarding claim 26, although Boukoba does not teach the system as claimed in claim 18 wherein the means for obtaining information associated with the network system includes IEEE 802.1X authentication, RADIUS authentication, or a combination of IEEE 802.1X authentication and RADIUS authentication of the attached function, this feature is well known in the art as taught by Applicant's background in the specification.

Claims 27-31 are similar to claims 18-22, therefore are rejected under the same rationale.

Claims 32-33 are similar to claims 18 and 23, therefore are rejected under the same rationale.

Claim 34 is a combination of claims 1 and 2, therefore are also rejected under the same rationale.

Regarding claim 35, Boukoba teaches the system as claimed in claim 34 wherein the policies histories are saved on a policy server of the network infrastructure (figure).

Regarding claim 36, Boukoba teaches the system as claimed in claim 34 wherein the policies histories are saved on one or more local network devices of the network infrastructure (figure).

Claims 37-39 are similar to claims 34, 5, and 6, respectively, therefore are rejected under the same rationale.

Claim 40 is similar to claims 1, therefore is rejected under the same rationale.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alina N. Boutah whose telephone number is 571-272-3908. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (9:00 am - 5:00 pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on 571-272-3923. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/629,331

Art Unit: 2143

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WILLIAM C. VAUGHN, JR. (PRIMARY EXAMINER Page 11